## Chapter 25 Plant Responses and Adaptations

## **Vocabulary Review**

**True or False** *In the space, write* true *if the statement is true. If the statement is false, write the term that makes the statement true.* 

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. <u>Auxins</u> are plant hormones that stimulate cell elongation.
  - **2.** An <u>abscission layer</u> is a meristematic area on the side of a stem that gives rise to side branches.
  - 3. Cytokinins are plant hormones that increase the overall size of plants.
  - 4. <u>Tropisms</u> are the responses of plants to external stimuli.
  - \_\_\_ **5.** Long-day plants flower when days are short.
- \_\_\_\_ **6.** In <u>dormancy</u>, plant growth and activity decreases or stops.
- 7. Xerophytes are plants that are not rooted in soil and grow directly on other plants.

**Matching** *In the space provided, write the letter that best matches each term.* 

- 8. hormone
  - \_\_ 9. phototropism
- \_\_\_\_ 10. gravitropism
- \_\_\_\_\_ **11.** apical dominance
- \_\_\_\_\_ **12.** herbicide
- \_\_\_\_ 13. thigmotropism
- \_\_\_\_ 14. photoperiodism
- \_\_\_\_ 15. phytochrome

- a. inhibition of lateral bud growth near stem tips
- **b.** response of a plant to touch
- **c.** response of a plant to the force of gravity
- **d.** substance produced in one part of an organism that affects another part of the organism
- **e.** plant pigment that responds to periods of light and darkness
- f. compound that is toxic to plants
- g. response of a plant to periods of light and darkness
- **h.** response of a plant to light