	s section describes two groups of prokaryotes and explains how they				
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	r. It also explains what factors are used to identify prokaryotes.				
-1					
	roduction (page 471) What are prokaryotes?				
1.	Willia are prokaryotes:				
2.	Is the following sentence true or false? Prokaryotes are much smaller than most				
	eukaryotic cells				
71.	esifying Proleswates ( 471 479)				
	assifying Prokaryotes (pages 471–472)				
3.	What are the two different groups of prokaryotes?  a b				
1	Which is the larger of the two kingdoms of prokaryotes?				
	Where do eubacteria live?				
6	IA/leat must sate a muslicarrystic cell fuero injury?				
6.	What protects a prokaryotic cell from injury?				
7.	Circle the letter of what is within the cell wall of a prokaryote.				
	<ul><li>a. another cell wall</li><li>c. archaebacteria</li></ul>				
	b. cell membrane d. pili				
8.	What is peptidoglycan?				
9.	Some eubacteria have a second outside the cell membrane				
	Circle the letter of each sentence that is true about archaebacteria.				
100	a. Their membrane lipids are different from those of eubacteria.				
	<b>b.</b> They lack a cell wall.				
	c. They lack peptidoglycan.				
	<b>d.</b> They look very similar to eubacteria.				
	What is significant about the DNA sequences of key archaebacterial genes?				

Class\_\_\_\_\_

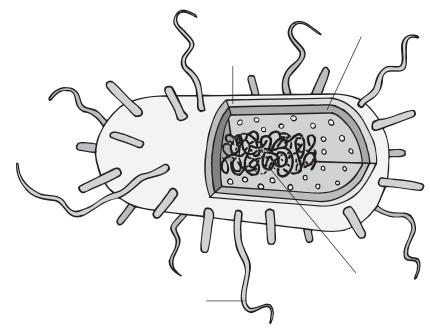
Date\_\_\_\_\_

Name\_\_\_\_\_

Naı	me	Class	Date
13.	What are methanogens, and where d	o they live?	

## **Identifying Prokaryotes** (page 473)

**14.** Complete the illustration of a typical prokaryote by labeling the parts.



- **15.** What are four characteristics used to identify prokaryotes?
  - a. \_\_\_\_\_
  - b. \_\_\_\_\_
  - c. \_\_\_\_
  - d. \_\_\_\_\_
- **16.** What are each of the differently shaped prokaryotes called?
  - **a.** The rod-shaped are called \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - **b.** The spherical-shaped are called \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - **c.** The corkscrew shaped are called \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 17. A method of telling two different types of eubacteria apart by using dyes is called
- **18.** What colors are Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria under the microscope when treated with Gram stain? \_\_\_\_\_
- 19. What are flagella?
- **20.** Is the following sentence true or false? Some prokaryotes do not move at all.

Vame	Class	Date	
Metabolic Div	ersity (pages 473–474)		
21. Complete the	table about prokaryotes classified by the	way they obtain energy.	
	GROUPS OF PROKARYOTE	S	
Group	Description		
	Organism that carries out photosynthesis in a	manner similar to plants	
Chemoautotroph			
	Organism that takes in organic molecules and	then breaks them down	
Photoheterotroph			
	hich group of photoautotrophs contain a	bluish pigment and	
1 ,	nemoautotrophs that live near hydrothern	nal vents on the ocean floor	
	) 		
<b>24.</b> Complete the	table about prokaryotes classified by the	way they release energy.	
	GROUPS OF PROKARYOTE	S	
Group	Description	Description	
	Organisms that require a constant supply	of oxygen	
Obligate anaerobes			
Facultative anaerob	es		
<b>25.</b> Facultative ana	nerobes can switch between cellular respira	ation and	
Growth and Re	eproduction (page 475)		
	the process of binary fission?		
	· 		
	uring conjugation?		

**28.** Is the following sentence true or false? Most prokaryotes reproduce by conjugation.

Naı	nme	Class	Date		
29.	. What is an endospore?				
Im	nportance of Bacteria (pages 476–47	7)			
30.	How do decomposers help the ecosystem recycle nutrients when a tree dies?				
31.	. What would happen to plants and animals if decomposers did not recycle nutrients?				
32.	Why do plants and animals need nitrogen?				
33.	How does nitrogen fixation help plants?				
34.	1. What kind of relationship do many plants have with nitrogen-fixing bacteria?				
35.	. How can bacteria be used to clean up an oil spill?				
36.	What have biotechnology companies to extreme environments?	e	1		

## **Reading Skill Practice**

Writing a summary can help you remember the information you have read. When you write a summary, write only the most important points. Write a summary of the information under the green heading *Decomposers*. Your summary should be shorter than the text on which it is based. Do your work on a separate sheet of paper.